YACHTCARE GELCOAT CRACK REPAIR

Version		Revision Date:	Date of last issue: 23.08.2024
1.2	DE / EN	22.01.2025	Date of first issue: 29.11.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : YACHTCARE GELCOAT CRACK REPAIR

Product code : 159.451

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-stance/Mixture : Paints

Recommended restrictions on use : Industrial use, professional use, public use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Vosschemie GmbH
Esinger Steinweg 50
25436 Uetersen
Germany

info@vosschemie.de

Telephone : 04122 717 0
Telefax : 04122 717158

Responsible Department : Laboratory

04122 717 0
sds@vosschemie.de

1.4 Emergency telephone

Telephone : Giftinformationszentrum (GIZ)-Nord,
Göttingen, Deutschland
0551 19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous system	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Supplemental Hazard Statements :

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary Statements :

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Disposal:

P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients which must be listed on the label:

acetone
n-butyl acetate
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
butan-1-ol

Additional Labeling

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
acetone	67-64-1 200-662-2 606-001-00-8 01-2119471330-49	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 20 - < 30
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 10 - < 20
ethanol	64-17-5 200-578-6	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 10

	603-002-00-5 01-2119457610-43		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 1 - < 10
xylene	1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 --- Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (vapor): 11 mg/l	>= 2,5 - < 10
butyl glycollate	7397-62-8 230-991-7 01-2119514685-36	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Repr. 2; H361	>= 1 - < 3
butan-1-ol	71-36-3 200-751-6 603-004-00-6 01-2119484630-38	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) --- Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 500 mg/kg	>= 1 - < 3
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4 601-023-00-4	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 1 - < 10
acetone	67-64-1 200-662-2 606-001-00-8 01-2119471330-49	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous	>= 25 - < 50

		system) EUH066	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 10 - < 25
ethanol	64-17-5 200-578-6 603-002-00-5 01-2119457610-43	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 5 - < 10
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 5 - < 10
xylene	1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 --- Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (vapor): 11 mg/l	>= 2,5 - < 5
butyl glycollate	7397-62-8 230-991-7 01-2119514685-36	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Repr. 2; H361	>= 1 - < 2,5
butan-1-ol	71-36-3 200-751-6 603-004-00-6 01-2119484630-38	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) --- Acute toxicity estimate	>= 1 - < 2,5

		Acute oral toxicity: 500 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4 601-023-00-4	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 1 - < 2,5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
Move out of dangerous area.
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
Do not leave the victim unattended.
Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.
Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Call a physician immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Consult a physician.

If swallowed : Do NOT induce vomiting.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder Water spray jet Alcohol-resistant foam
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Build-up of dangerous/toxic fumes possible in cases of fire/high temperature.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Hazardous decomposition products due to incomplete combustion Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Further information	:	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	:	Wear personal protective equipment. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. In the case of vapor formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
Do not flush with water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8., For disposal considerations see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep container closed when not in use.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Wear personal protective equipment.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use explosion-proof equipment.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Further information on storage conditions : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Protect from moisture. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage : Keep away from food and drink.
Incompatible with oxidizing agents.
Incompatible with strong acids and bases.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
acetone	67-64-1	TWA	500 ppm	2000/39/EC

			1.210 mg/m3	
	Further information: Indicative			
		AGW	500 ppm 1.200 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 2;(I)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		MAK	500 ppm 1.200 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: According to currently available information damage to the embryo or foetus cannot be excluded after exposure to concentrations at the level of the MAK and BAT values			
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	150 ppm 723 mg/m3	2019/1831/EU
	Further information: Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm 241 mg/m3	2019/1831/EU
	Further information: Indicative			
		AGW	62 ppm 300 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 2;(I)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		MAK	100 ppm 480 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: Damage to the embryo or foetus is unlikely when the MAK value or the BAT value is observed			
ethanol	64-17-5	AGW	200 ppm 380 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 4;(II)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		MAK	200 ppm 380 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: Substances that cause cancer in humans or animals or that are considered to be carcinogenic for humans and for which a MAK value can be derived, Damage to the embryo or foetus is unlikely when the MAK value or the BAT value is observed, Germ cell mutagens or suspected substances (according to the definition of Category 3 A and 3B), the potency of which is considered to be so low that, provided the MAK and BAT values are observed, their contribution to genetic risk for man is considered to be very slight			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			

		AGW	50 ppm 270 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 1;(I)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		MAK	50 ppm 270 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: Damage to the embryo or foetus is unlikely when the MAK value or the BAT value is observed			
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	AGW (Inhalable fraction)	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 2;(II)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		AGW (Alveolate fraction)	1,25 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 2;(II)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		BM (Alveolar dust fraction)	0,5 mg/m3	DE TRGS 527
		MAK (measured as the alveolate fraction)	0,3 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: Substances that cause cancer in humans or animals or that are considered to be carcinogenic for humans and for which a MAK value can be derived., Damage to the embryo or foetus is unlikely when the MAK value or the BAT value is observed			
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		AGW	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 2;(II)			
	Further information: Skin absorption			
		MAK	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: Danger of absorption through the skin, Either there are no data for an assessment of damage to the embryo or foetus, including developmental neurotoxicity, or the currently available data are not sufficient for classification in one of the groups A - C			
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	AGW	100 ppm 310 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 1;(I)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			

		MAK	100 ppm 310 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: Damage to the embryo or foetus is unlikely when the MAK value or the BAT value is observed			
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	200 ppm 884 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		AGW	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900
	Peak-limit category: 2;(II)			
	Further information: Skin absorption, When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
		MAK	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	DE DFG MAK
	Further information: Danger of absorption through the skin, Substances that cause cancer in humans or animals or that are considered to be carcinogenic for humans and for which a MAK value can be derived., Damage to the embryo or foetus is unlikely when the MAK value or the BAT value is observed			

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
acetone	67-64-1	Acetone: 50 mg/l (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours	TRGS 903
		Acetone: 50 mg/l (Urine)	Immediately after exposition or after working hours	DE DFG BAT
xylene	1330-20-7	methylhippuric acid (all isomers): 2.000 mg/l (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours	TRGS 903
		Methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers): 2.000 mg/l (Urine)	Immediately after exposition or after working hours	DE DFG BAT
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	1-butanol: 2 mg/g creatinine (Urine)	Before next shift	TRGS 903
		1-butanol: 10 mg/g creatinine (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours	TRGS 903
		1-butanol: 2 mg/g creatinine (Urine)	Before next shift	DE DFG BAT
		1-butanol: 10 mg/g creatinine	Immediately after exposition or after	DE DFG BAT

		(Urine)	working hours	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid: 250 mg/g creatinine (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours	TRGS 903
		mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid: 250 mg/g creatinine (Urine)	Immediately after exposition or after working hours	DE DFG BAT

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Routes of exposure	Potential health effects	Value
acetone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1210 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	2420 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	186 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	200 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact, Oral	Long-term systemic effects	62 mg/kg bw/day
n-butyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	300 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	600 mg/m3
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	11 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	35,7 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	300 mg/m3
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	6 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects, Acute systemic effects	2 mg/kg bw/day
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	275 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	796 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	33 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	320 mg/kg bw/day

	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	36 mg/kg bw/day
xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	221 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects, Acute local effects	442 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	212 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects, Long-term local effects	65,3 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects, Acute local effects	260 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	125 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg bw/day
butan-1-ol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	310 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	55,357 mg/m3
	Consumers	Dermal		3,125 mg/kg bw/day
ethylbenzene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	180 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	15 mg/m3
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	1,6 mg/kg 1,6 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
acetone	Fresh water	10,6 mg/l
	Sea water	1,06 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	30,4 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	3,04 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	29,5 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0,18 mg/l
	Sea water	0,018 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,981 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	0,098 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	35,6 mg/l
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
ethanol	Fresh water	0,96 mg/l
	Sea water	0,79 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	580 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3,6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	2,9 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0,63 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	0,38 mg/kg food
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0,635 mg/l
	Sea water	0,064 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3,29 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	0,329 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
xylene	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l
	Sea water	0,327 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	12,46 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	6,58 mg/l
butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0,082 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,324 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sea water	0,008 mg/l
	Sea sediment	0,032 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	2476 mg/l
	Soil	0,017 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l
	Sea water	0,01 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	13,7 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sea sediment	1,37 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	2,68 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	9,6 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	:	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166
Hand protection		
Material	:	Nitrile rubber
Break through time	:	> 480 min
Glove thickness	:	>= 0,4 mm
Directive	:	DIN EN 374
Protective index	:	Class 6
Remarks	:	Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. The data about break through time/strength of material are standard values! The exact break through time/strength of material has to be obtained from the producer of the protective glove. The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Preventive skin protection
Skin and body protection	:	Please wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. made of cotton or heat-resistant synthetic fibres. Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory protection	:	Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (dust).
Filter type	:	Combined particulates and organic vapor type (A-P)
Protective measures	:	Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Environmental exposure controls

Soil	:	Avoid subsoil penetration.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	liquid
Color	:	in accordance with the product description
Odor	:	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	:	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	55,8 - 56,6 °C
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	13 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	1,2 %(V)
Flash point	:	-19 °C
Autoignition temperature	:	315 °C
pH	:	Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	not determined
Viscosity, kinematic	:	not determined
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	immiscible
Vapor pressure	:	233 hPa (20 °C)
Density	:	0,965 g/cm3 (20 °C)

9.2 Other information

Explosives	:	Not explosive In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Flammability (liquids)	:	Flammable
Self-ignition	:	not auto-flammable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if used as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Reaction with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	:	Strong acids and strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Build-up of dangerous/toxic fumes possible in cases of fire/high temperature.
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:

acetone:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 5.800 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): ca. 76 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 7.400 mg/kg

n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 10.760 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 21 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 14.112 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 10.470 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 117 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 6.190 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 11 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 1.700 mg/kg

butyl glycollate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.595 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

butan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg
Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate
Remarks: (*) Converted acute toxicity point estimate according to Table 3.1.2 of Annex I.

Acute dermal toxicity : (Rabbit): 3.430 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 17,629 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 15.400 mg/kg

acetone:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 5.800 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): ca. 76 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 7.400 mg/kg

n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 10.760 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 21 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 14.112 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 10.470 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 117 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 6.190 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

xylene:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 11 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Expert judgment
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 1.700 mg/kg

butyl glycollate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.595 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 6,2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

butan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate Remarks: (*) Converted acute toxicity point estimate according to Table 3.1.2 of Annex I.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	(Rabbit): 3.430 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.500 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 17,629 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 15.400 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Components:

xylene:

Result	:	Skin irritation

xylene:

Result	:	Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

ethanol:
Result : Mild eye irritation

xylene:
Result : Moderate eye irritation

butyl glycollate:
Result : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

ethanol:
Result : Mild eye irritation

xylene:
Result : Moderate eye irritation

butyl glycollate:
Result : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified due to lack of data.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified due to lack of data.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified due to lack of data.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified due to lack of data.

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

butyl glycollate:
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

butyl glycollate:
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Routes of exposure : Oral
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

xylene:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

n-butyl acetate:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Routes of exposure : Oral
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

xylene:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

xylene:

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

ethylbenzene:

Target Organs : hearing organs
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

xylene:

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

ethylbenzene:

Target Organs	:	hearing organs
Assessment	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

xylene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

xylene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment	:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

acetone:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.540 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8.800 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (algae): 430 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC10 (Bacteria): 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 0,5 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-	:	NOEC: 2.212 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d

ic toxicity)		Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	:	(Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 18 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 44 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 647,7 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 23 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

ethanol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 11.200 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 250 mg/l Species: Fish

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 130 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 47,5 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish) Method: OECD Test Guideline 204
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-	:	NOEC: >= 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity)		Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
xylene:		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,6 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 4,6 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: Growth inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: > 1,3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 d Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 0,96 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.20
butyl glycollate:		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 23,1 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
ethylbenzene:		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4,2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3,6 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 1 mg/l
Ecotoxicology Assessment		
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

acetone:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.540 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8.800 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (algae): 430 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC10 (Bacteria): 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 0,5 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 2.212 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	:	(Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 18 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 44 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 647,7 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 23 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

ethanol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 11.200 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Remarks: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 250 mg/l Species: Fish

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 130 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 47,5 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish) Method: OECD Test Guideline 204
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: >= 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

xylene:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,6 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 4,6 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: Growth inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: > 1,3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 d Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 0,96 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.20

butyl glycollate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 23,1 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

ethylbenzene:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4,2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3,6 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 1 mg/l

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

acetone:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 90,9 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

n-butyl acetate:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 83 % Exposure time: 28 d

ethanol:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 90 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

xylene:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

butyl glycollate:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 81 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

ethylbenzene:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic
Concentration: 22 mg/l
Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: > 70 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

acetone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 90,9 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

n-butyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 83 %
Exposure time: 28 d

ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

xylene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

butyl glycollate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 81 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

ethylbenzene:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic
Concentration: 22 mg/l
Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: > 70 %

Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

acetone:

Bioaccumulation	:	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3 Remarks: Calculation
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -0,24 (20 °C)

n-butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 2,3 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -0,35 (20 °C)

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1,2 (20 °C) pH: 6,8 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

xylene:

Bioaccumulation	:	Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 25,9
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3,155 (20 °C)

butyl glycollate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 0,38 (25 °C)

butan-1-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1,0 (25 °C)

ethylbenzene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3,6 (20 °C)

acetone:

Bioaccumulation	:	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3 Remarks: Calculation
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -0,24 (20 °C)

n-butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,3 (25 °C)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0,35 (20 °C)

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1,2 (20 °C)
pH: 6,8
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

xylene:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 25,9

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3,155 (20 °C)

butyl glycollate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,38 (25 °C)

butan-1-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1,0 (25 °C)

ethylbenzene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3,6 (20 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : No data available

Global warming potential

Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

Components:

decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

20-year global warming potential: 1,04
100-year global warming potential: 0,289
500-year global warming potential: 0,082
Atmospheric lifetime: 0,016 yr
Radiative efficiency: 0,098 Wm2ppb
Further information: Miscellaneous compounds

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

20-year global warming potential: 2,66
100-year global warming potential: 0,739
500-year global warming potential: 0,211
Atmospheric lifetime: 0,027 yr
Radiative efficiency: 0,12 Wm2ppb
Further information: Miscellaneous compounds

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Store containers and offer for recycling of material when in accordance with the local regulations.
Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Waste Code : The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:
08 01 11, waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN	:	UN 1263
ADR	:	UN 1263
RID	:	UN 1263
IMDG	:	UN 1263
IATA	:	UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN	:	PAINT
ADR	:	PAINT
RID	:	PAINT
IMDG	:	PAINT
IATA	:	Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

		Class	Subsidiary risks
ADN	:	3	
ADR	:	3	
RID	:	3	
IMDG	:	3	
IATA	:	3	

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group	:	II
Classification Code	:	F1
Hazard Identification Number	:	33
Labels	:	3

ADR

Packing group	:	II
Classification Code	:	F1
Hazard Identification Number	:	33
Labels	:	3
Tunnel restriction code	:	(D/E)

RID

Packing group	:	II
Classification Code	:	F1
Hazard Identification Number	:	33
Labels	:	3

IMDG

Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	364
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y341
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	353
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y341
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : no

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : no

RID
Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG
Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 75, 3 If you intend to use this product as tattoo ink, please contact your vendor.
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization (Article 59).	:	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast)	:	Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.	acetone (ANNEX II)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.	P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Water hazard class (Germany)	:	WGK 1 slightly water endangering Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

Other regulations:

Take note of Law on the protection of mothers at work, in education and in studies (Maternity Protection Act - MuSchG).
Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment according to (EC) regulation 1907/2006 (REACH) has not been carried out for this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	:	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H318	:	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	:	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.	:	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Repr.	:	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
2019/1831/EU	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
DE DFG BAT	:	Germany. MAK BAT Annex XIII
DE DFG MAK	:	Germany. MAK BAT Annex IIa
DE TRGS 527	:	Germany. TRGS 527 - Activities with nanomaterials
DE TRGS 900	:	Germany. TRGS 900 - Occupational exposure limit values.
TRGS 903	:	c - Biological limit values
2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
2019/1831/EU / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2019/1831/EU / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
DE DFG MAK / MAK	:	MAK value
DE TRGS 527 / BM	:	Assessment scale
DE TRGS 900 / AGW	:	Time Weighted Average

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quanti-

tative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Flam. Liq. 2	H225	Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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